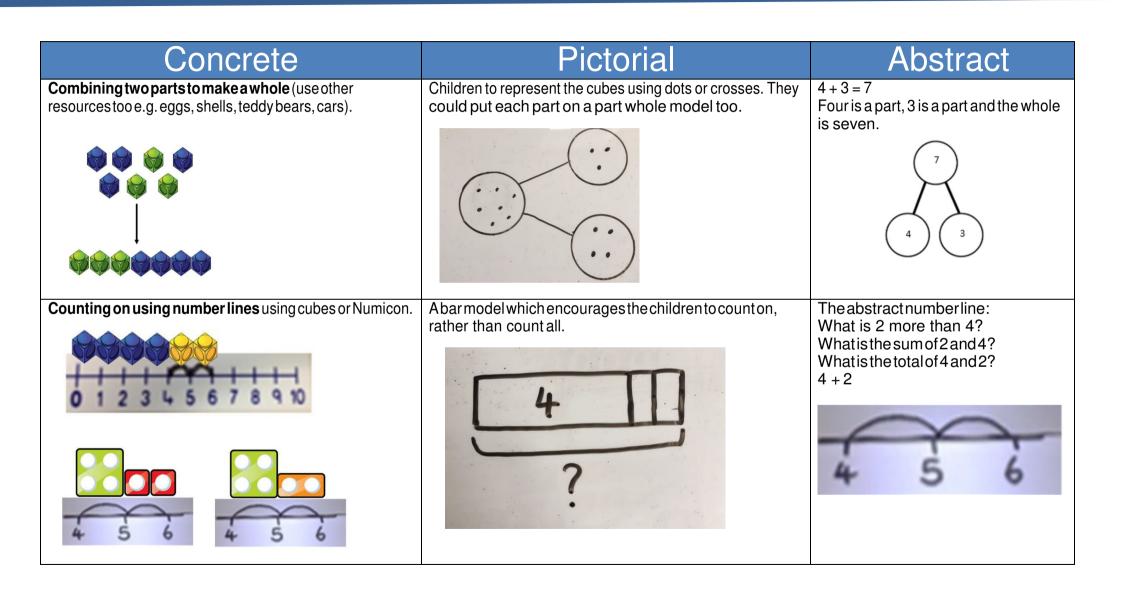
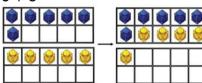
## Church Walk Calculation policy: Addition

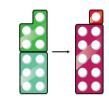
Key language: sum, total, parts and wholes, plus, add, altogether, more, 'is equal to' 'is the same as'.



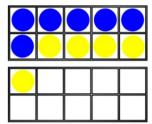
**Regrouping to make 10**; using tenframes and counters/cubes or using Numicon.

6 + 5





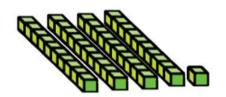
Children to draw the ten frame and counters/cubes.



Children to develop an understanding of equality e.g.

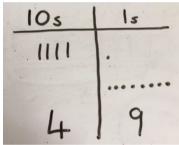
$$6 + \Box = 11$$
  
 $6 + 5 = 5 + \Box$   
 $6 + 5 = \Box + 4$ 

**TO + O using base 10**. Continue to develop understanding of partitioning and place value.

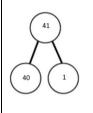




Children to represent the base 10 e.g. lines for tens and dot/crosses for ones.



41 + 8

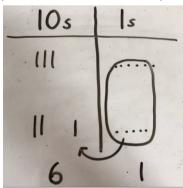


1 + 8 = 940 + 9 = 49

	4	1
+		8
	4	9

**TO + TO using base 10.** Continue to develop understanding of partitioning and place value. 36 + 25

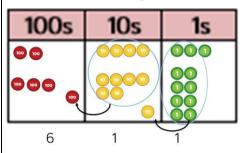
Children to represent the base 10 in a place value chart.



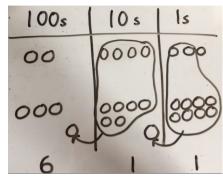
Looking for ways to make 10.

Formal method: 
$$\frac{+25}{61}$$

Use of place value counters to add HTO + TO, HTO + HTO etc. When there are 10 ones in the 1s column-we exchange for 1 ten, when there are 10 tens in the 10s column-we exchange for 1 hundred.

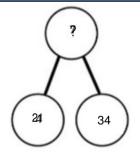


Children to represent the counters in a place value chart, circling when they make an exchange.



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## Conceptual variation; different ways to ask children to solve 21 + 34



?		
21	34	

Word problems:

In year 3, there are 21 children and in year 4, there are 34 children. How many children in total?

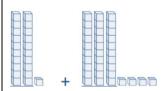
$$21 + 34 = 55$$
. Prove it

21

<u>+34</u>

$$21 + 34 =$$

Calculate the sum of twenty-one and thirty-four.



Missing digit problems:

0 0 1		
10s	1s	
10 10	0	
10 10 10	?	
?	5 -	